



Competitiveness of long-distance passenger rail in the Danube Region



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□ Federal Ministry
 Republic of Austria
 ○ Climate Action, Environment,
 ○ Energy, Mobility,
 │ Innovation and Technology



Historical background of railways in the Danube Region



- Railways played a significant role in individual mobility and freight transport in earlier days
- Especially since launching construction of high-performing motorways, the importance of railways decreased
- This inbalance is currently reflected e.g. in high-quality motorways and comparably poor rail infrastructure
- Most recently, there have been political indications to further focus on rail again



Project initCOSEERail

- Danube Strategic Project Fund (DSPF), 2018
- Universities and stakeholders in AT, HR, BiH, IT (Project Lead: TU Wien)
- Examined the development of rail supply (passenger and freight) in CEE during the last decades quantitatively and qualitatively on following sections:
 - Ljubljana Zagreb Beograd
 - Zagreb Banja Luka Doboj Sarajevo
 - Ogulin Knin (HR)
 - Doboj Tuzla (BiH)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YnmfV0fMwL8

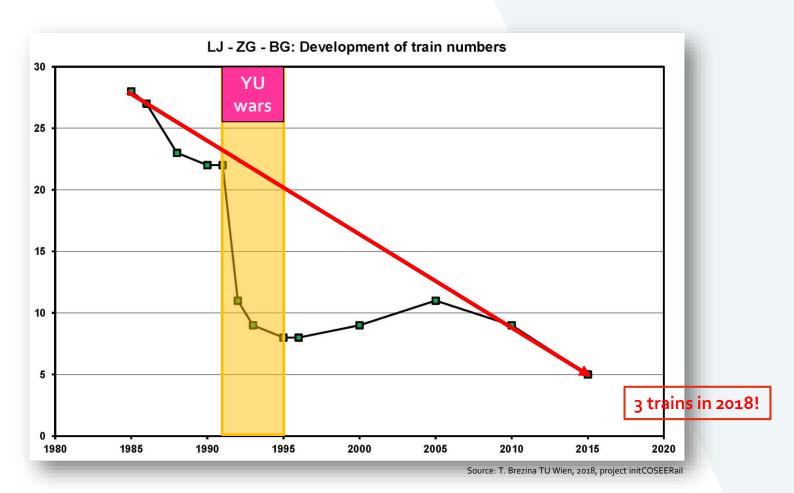


Excerpt of initCOSEERail's main findings

- Number of direct trains running on Ljubljana Zagreb Belgrade section dropped from 28 to 5 between 1985 and 2015
 - Zagreb Sarajevo: 6 trains in 1985/86 → 1 train in 2015
- Average commercial speed Ljubljana Zagreb Belgrade decreased from >70 km/h down to <65 km/h between 1985/86 and 2015
 - Zagreb Sarajevo: commercial speed from >80 km/h to <60 km/h
- Project's conclusions:
 - Development of rail has been and still is trending in negative direction
 - Ongoing downward spiral of low quality/offer <-> low demand

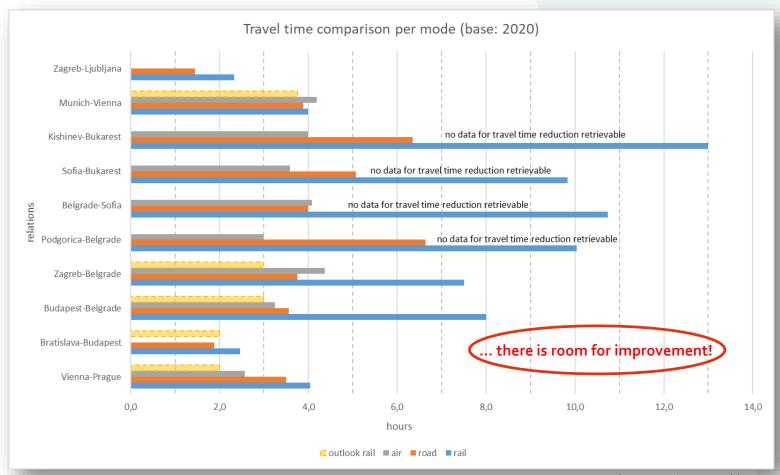


Development of train numbers Ljubljana-Zagreb-Belgrade corridor





Assessing rail's competitiveness based on 2020 timetable







There are some major rail projects in the DR planned/ongoing...

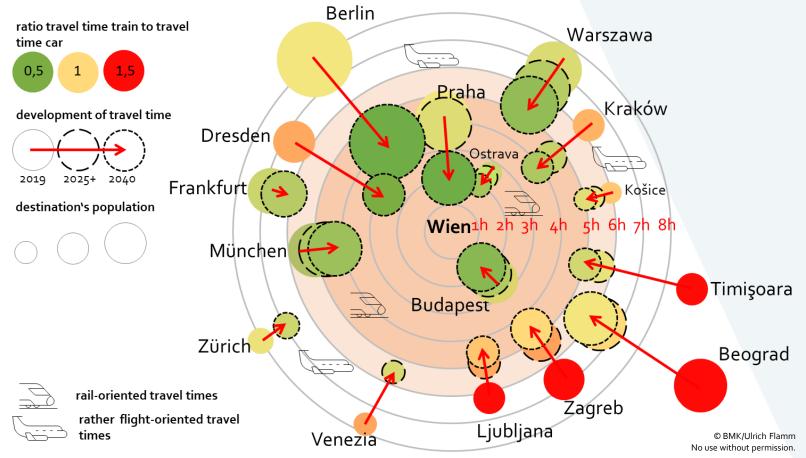
Excerpt, list of project and DR countries is not exhaustive

DE	AT	CZ	SRB	HU	SK
München- Mühldorf- Freilassing	Koralmtunnel Semmering Base Tunnel	Prerov- Ostrava	Belgrade- Budapest	Upgrade Budapest- Wien	Upgrade Bratislava- Budapest
Würzburg- Nürnberg	Upgrade Marchegger Ast	Praha-Brno	Belgrade-Niš	Budapest- Belgrade	Upgrade Bratislava- Devinska Nova Ves
Dresden- Praha	Upgrade Nordbahn	Praha- Dresden	Belgrade-Bar		
	Upgrade Wien- Budapest		Niš- Dimitrovgrad		



Possible development of travel times from Wien Hauptbahnhof

large-scale infrastructure developments and reduction of waiting times at borders implied





Conclusions

- Railway's competitiveness against other modes can be considered as suboptimal in the Danube Region due to neglect and focussing investments on other modes
- Possible ways of regaining rail's significance:
 - Rail investments need to be put on high political agenda again
 - Interconnecting aspects of infrastructure development with coordinated and seamless cross-border supply
 - E.g. PSO in passenger transport
 - Related to AWB RFC in freight transport
 - Border crossing processes need to be facilitated and accelerated
 - Balanced incorporation of external costs into overall users' transport costs





Thank you!

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