



Innovative Intermodal Rail Freight Solution for Small Danube Region Member States

Dr. Stane Božičnik Tomislav Letnik

University of Maribor, Faculty of Civil Engineering, SLOVENIA







Contents

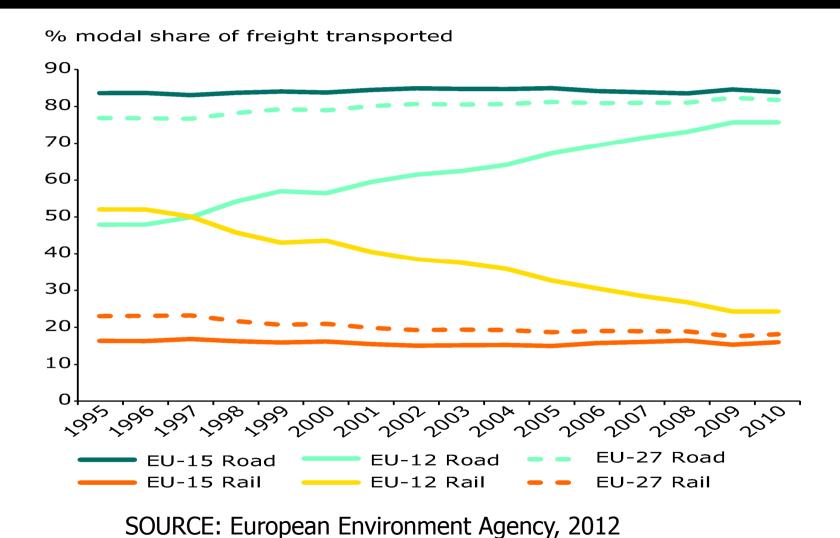
- The (freight) market trends
- The existing rail freight paradigm
- The freight market needs
- The system supporting the new rail freight paradigm
 - Train
 - Innovative transhipment solutions
 - Free access to the vacant rail infrastructure
- The market niches for the new co-modal solution
- Conclusions

The Freight Market Trends

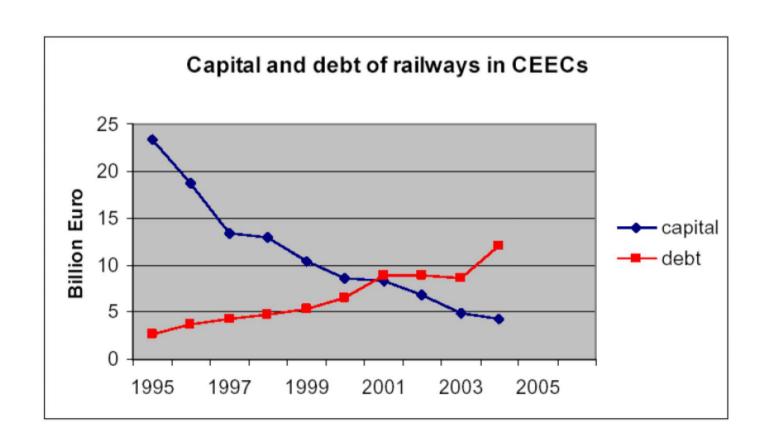
General trend:

- increase in volume of transported goods,
- strong preferences for road transport,
- constant decrease of relative importance of rail freight.

The EU Freight Market Trends



Capital and Debt Of Railways in Central and Eastern European Countries



The Freight Market Trends – Rail's Response to Falling Revenues

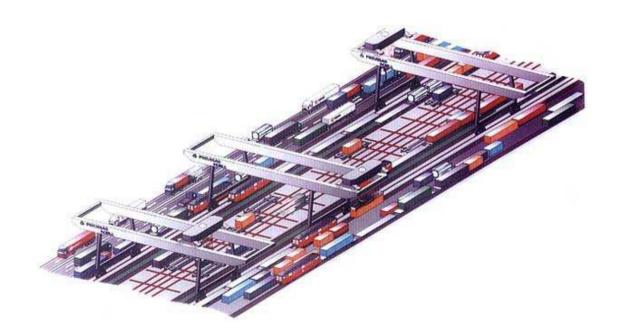
- Concentration on "mass production" in the corridors,
- losing economies of scale on non corridor lines
- slimming of non corridor lines costs reduction
- losing new market opportunities.

Existing Rail Freight Paradigm

- large volumes of low value goods,
- long distances (over 550 km, EU break even!),
- fixed schedules,
- long trains(about 1800 tons, shunting and marshalling required),
- powerful locomotives (front power),
- relatively slow freight trains

Existing Rail Freight Paradigm

- large investments (large cargo volume corridors)
 - large shunting areas for classical terminals
 - large specialized terminals for intermodal transport etc.



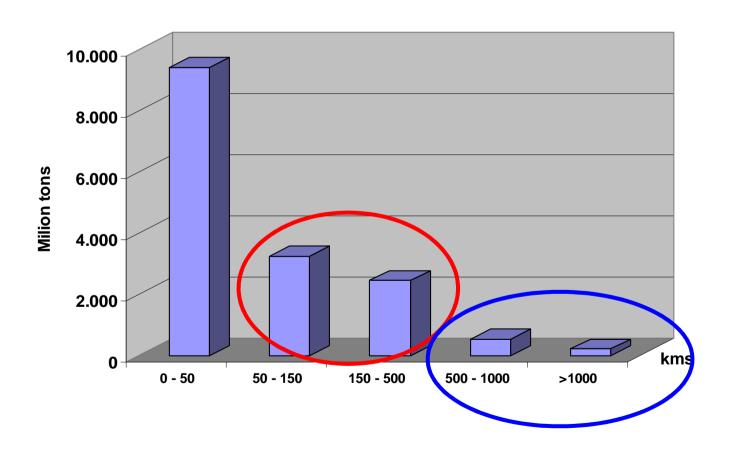
Freight Market Requirements

- Door to door services
- Smaller quantities
- More frequent deliveries
- Shorter delivery time windows

Freight Market Requirements

- JIT deliveries:
 - Lean manufacturing,
 - Minimum stock (management policy ...) ...
- Flexibility
- Availability
- Reliability
- Low risk ...

Rail Freight Market Potential



Market Niches For the Rail Freight Services

- Market niches (intermodal transport):
 - valuable goods,
 - perishable goods,
 - small consignments (also SMEs!),
 - shorter distances...

Market Niches For the Rail Freight Services

- Feeder lines
- Regional and local transport,
- Urban transport
- Danube region states e.g. Slovenia, Serbia, Croatia, Slovakia, Czech republic, Hunary, Romaniashort distances, smaler quantities of goods
 - Is economies of scale of traditional rail freight paradigm in this countries possible ????
 - Available relative abundant rail infrastructure
 - Roads: congested!

What is Needed for The new Market Niches

The New Rail Freight Paradigm!

- Innovative train concept:
 - Competitive with road vehicles performance
 - Comparable with road vehicle costs
- Innovative transhipment technologies

The New Rail Freight Paradigm: What is Needed?

- Free access to the vacant rail infrastructure
- Equal train running priority of:
 - Passenger trains and
 - Freight transport (JIT, valuable and time sensitive goods)
- Approved vehicles available on demand of customers (Standardised vehicles)

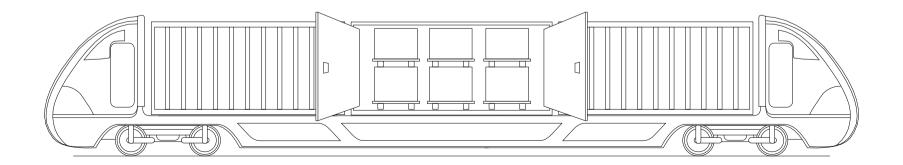
The New Rail Freight Paradigm: The Train

Ideal technological solution:

- a combination of the truck (high flexibility)
- on the rail (mass production), which is:
 - self-propelled,
 - fast moving "railway-truck"
 - bi-directional formation,
 - with automatic coupling solutions...

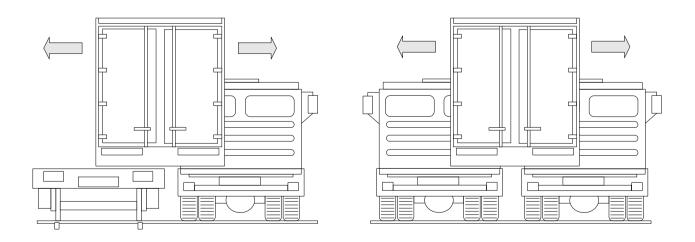
The New Rail Freight Paradigm: The Train

- Small "Co-modal" train unit
- Capacity 1-3 TEU
- Speed 80-160 km/h (..depending of available infrastructure)
- Diesel / electric drive traction motors on each axle.
- Driving cabs on both ends (avoids shunting, marshalling)



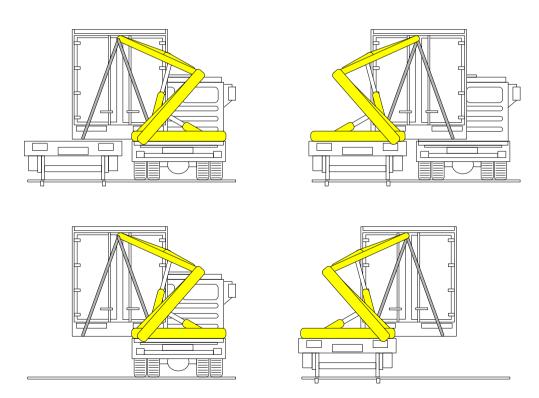
The New Rail Freight Paradigm: Innovative Transhipment equipment

Horizontal transshipment - need for further development – some solutions already available:



The New Rail Freight Paradigm: Innovative Transhipment technologies

On train and/or the truck: to be developed!



The New Rail Freight Paradigm: Available Solutions - CH



The New Rail Freight Paradigm: Available Transhipment Solutions



The New Rail Freight Paradigm: Innovative Transhipment technologies

- Flexibility: transhipment along the whole railway network (sidings, free tracks)
- All the tracks: a mobile co modal terminal
- Short transhipment process: 5 10 minutes
- Low investment costs (EUR 35 000- 200 000)
- Short distances...

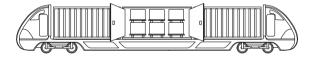
The New Rail Freight Paradigm:

Free Access to The Vacant Railway Infrastructure

- Software solutions for the "on line" time table setting is already available!
- Free dynamic access to vaccant rail infrastructure is needed
- In new member states relative abandant rail infrastructure still available!

New Rail Freight Paradigm - Possible Transport Concepts

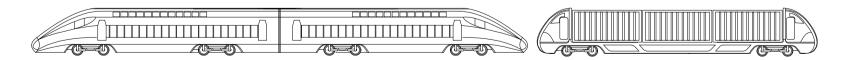
Single "truck train" unit (sidings, feeder services)



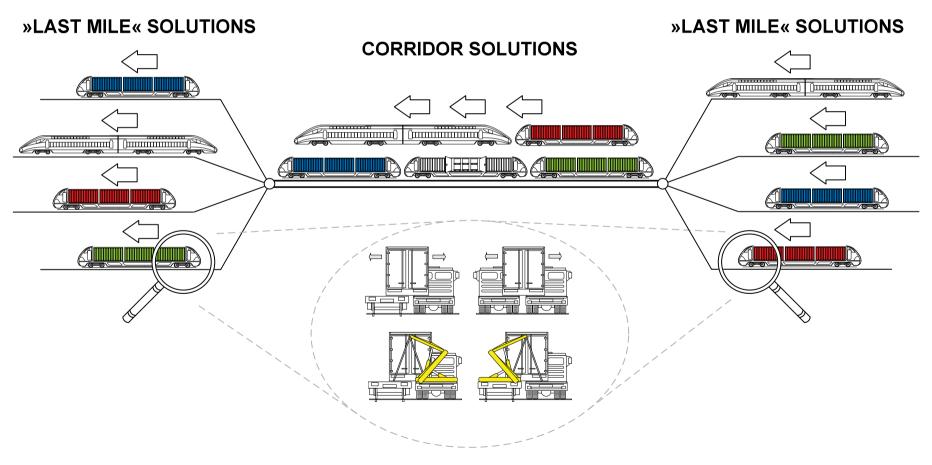
Several "truck train" units together - trunk lines



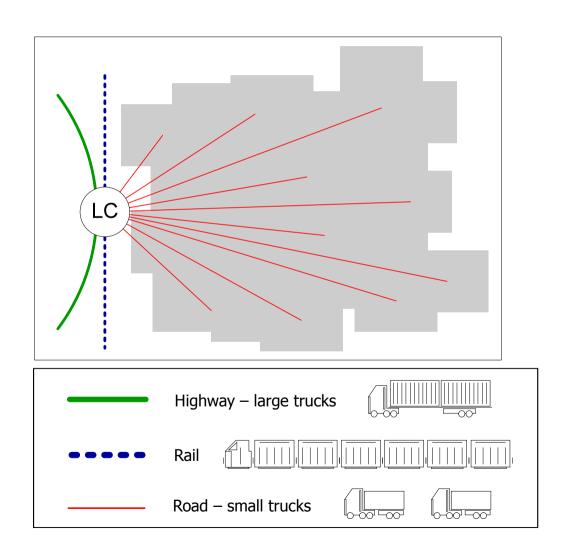
Passenger train + "truck train" unit



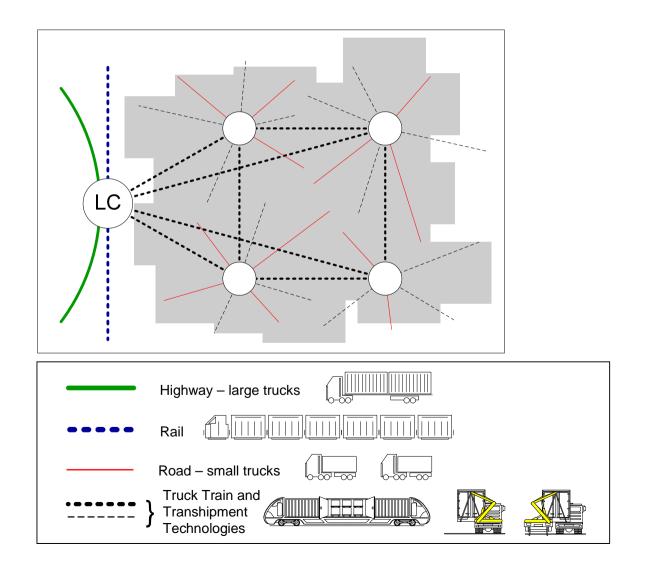
HUB&SPOKE – LAST MILE – CORRIDOR – CO-MODAL SOLUTION



Rail and Urban Logistics – Today



The New Rail Freight Paradigm: For Urban logistics



The New Rail Freight Paradigm: For Urban logistics

Advantages of the new rail freight paradigm in the urban areas:

- Use of all available railway infrastructure in the urban areas (sidings, free tracks, warehouses...)
- Day and night deliveries
- Polycentric delivery concept less congestion on the urban roads

The New Rail Freight Paradigm: Reality

The economics of the "Truck train":

- savings of over 27%, against the road transport:
 - less than 200 km,
 - on an annualised transport value of ~EUR 2.5 million.
 - Investment recovered in less than three years.

SOURCE: Sheffield Advanced Railway Research Centre

Conclusions

- The suggested co modal solution offers:
 - access to the new profitable rail freight market niches
 (short distances, small quantities, valuable goods
 feeder lines, sidings, city logistics...)
 - More rail feight transport "green" co-modal solution
 - Increases profitability of the rail freight operations
 - Increases quality of the co-modal transport ...flexibility, availability
 - Supports the existing rail freight paradigm

Conclusions

- The suggested new co modal solution offers:
 - Survival opportunity for the rail companies in the relatively small Danubian region states:
 - Available predominantely smal quantities of goods, short distances transport
 - local (feeder) services providers for the big transnational rail freight operators, will always be needed too!
 - Still available realativlely abandant rail infrastructure in the new member states (historical reasons)
 - Enough know-how for design and production of standardised "Truck-Train" in the region (co-operation!)
 - Active determination and participation of railways needed! Free access to vacant infrastr.

Thank you for your kind attention!

stane.bozicnik@um.si
tomislav.letnik@um.si
www.fg.uni-mb.si/tec/